The Zurich Corpus of Vowel and Voice Quality

Version 2

Dieter Maurer, Christian d'Heureuse, Heidy Suter, Volker Dellwo, Daniel Friedrichs, Thayabaran Kathiresan

Terms and abbreviations

Excerpt of the handbook, Chapter 2.

Entire listing

Below, all abbreviations used here are listed in alphabetical order. Details are provided in the subsequent paragraphs.

b breathy phonation

c creaky phonation (vocal fry)

CS contemporary singing style (generic term, including the substyles contemporary

musical theatre, pop, rock, and jazz)

D standard recording, but deficient (details see individual sound comments)

EC European classical singing style

fo fundamental frequency
F1, F1, ... formant frequencies
hgh high vocal effort
low vocal effort

m male (indication of gender)

med medium vocal effort
ms musical scale
N non-style
ns not specified
rp reference pitch

r(i) ranking order S standard recording

sh shouted

ST straight theatre speaking style

sVsV vowel sound produced in s-V-s-V context (s = consonant /s/, V = /vowel/)

//Text// text read or text sung (indication for speech identity)

tr text read ts text sung v voiced

V vowel sound produced in isolation

var varied vocal effort

w female (indication of gender)

w whispered phonation (indication of phonation type)

Speakers and styles

The database presented includes recordings of four speaker subgroups: untrained and non-professional speakers (N), professional straight theatre actresses and actors (ST), singers of contemporary singing style (CS, substyles include contemporary musical theatre, pop, rock, and jazz), and singers of European classical singing (EC):

N non-style

ST straight theatre speaking style
CS contemporary singing style
EC European classical singing style

CO Cantonese opera speaking and singing style

VI Voice imitation (impressionist)

ns not specified

Note: In this handbook, both speakers and singers are referred to as speaker(s) as a generic term.

For details of speakers and utterances, see the Method section.

Vowel qualities and vowel notation

The main focus of the database concerns vowel qualities of long Standard German vowels /i $-y-e-\varnothing-\epsilon-a-o-u$ /. Included is the vowel / α /, which can be encountered as a long vowel in some regions of Germany and Austria and also in some singing styles. Therefore, the indication / α / in this text refers to the vowel area / $\alpha-\alpha$ /, that is, including all allophones of / α / or / α /.

In the database, these vowel qualities are notated as /i–ü–e–ö–ä–a–o–u/, that is, using German characters.

A few additional sounds concern the two vowels /ə/ and/ɔ/, notated as /e1, o1/.

Production parameters and sound status

The database presents recordings of utterances produced with varying basic production parameters such as phonation type, vocal effort, fundamental frequency, vowel context and speaking or singing style. The corresponding abbreviations are used for the different parameters:

Abbreviations for production styles, see Chapter 2.2.

Abbreviations for phonation types:

v voiced b breathy

c creaky (vocal fry) w whispered

m mixed

Abbreviations for production modes:

tr text read ts text sung

rp f_0 according to reference pitches given ms f_0 according to musical scale (C-Major)

sh shouted

ns not specified (no specific production mode) ar artificial (synthesis, different synthesis methods)

hp HP filtered
lp LP filtered
kl Klatt resynthesis

mp produced in minimal pair context

nc extracted sound nucleus

Abbreviations for vowel context:

text in read text or free speech context

V in isolation

sVsV in s-V-s-V context (s = consonant /s/, V = /vowel/)

mp in minimal pair context

Abbreviations for vocal effort:

med medium
low low
hgh high
var varying
ns not specified

Abbreviations for sound status:

S standard recording (recorded under standard conditions and with standard

production parameters

D standard recording, but manifesting minor impairments (details see individual

sound comment)

M miscellaneous (recordings made under various conditions)

K recording made in a concert hall

T test sounds (recordings made/sounds produced for tests)

Abbreviations for sound ranking, see Chapter 4.5.